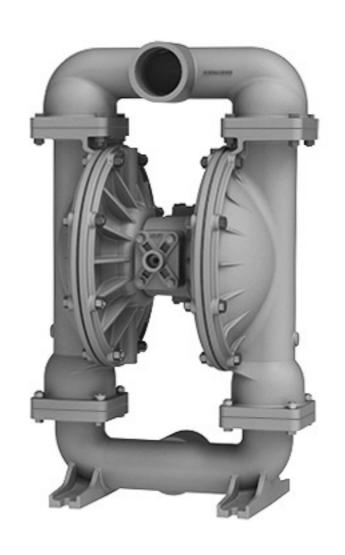


# **S30 Metallic Pumps**

Aluminum
 Cast Iron
 Stainless Steel

# Assembly, Installation and Operation Manual **Design Level 1**



# **Safety Information**

#### **A** IMPORTANT



Read the safety warnings and instructions in this manual before pump installation and start-up. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual could damage the pump and void factory.



When the pump is used for materials that tend to settle out or solidify, the pump should be flushed after each use to prevent damage. In freezing temperatures the pump should be completely drained between uses.

### **A** CAUTION



Before pump operation, inspect all fasteners for loosening caused by gasket creep. Retighten loose fasteners to prevent leakage. Follow recommended torques stated in this manual.



Nonmetallic pumps and plastic components are not UV stabilized. Ultraviolet radiation can damage these parts and negatively affect material properties. Do not expose to UV light for extended periods of time.

#### **A** WARNING



When used for toxic or aggressive fluids, the pump should always be flushed clean prior to disassembly.



Before maintenance or repair, shut off the compressed air line, bleed the pressure, and disconnect the air line from the pump. Be certain that approved eye protection and protective clothing are worn at all times. Failure to follow these recommendations may result in serious injury or death.



Airborne particles and loud noise hazards. Wear eye and ear protection.



In the event of diaphragm rupture, pumped material may enter the air end of the pump, and be discharged into the atmosphere. If pumping a product that is hazardous or toxic, the air exhaust must be piped to an appropriate area for safe containment.



Take action to prevent static sparking. Fire or explosion can result, especially when handling flammable liquids. The pump, piping, valves, containers and other miscellaneous equipment must be properly grounded.



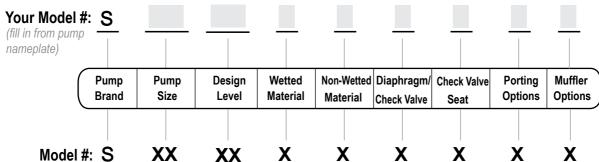
This pump is pressurized internally with air pressure during operation. Make certain that all fasteners and piping connections are in good condition and are reinstalled properly during reassembly.



Use safe practices when lifting



### **Explanation of Pump Nomenclature**



	Model #. 3	^^	^	^	^	^		^	<b>A</b>
Pun	np Brand	Diap	hragm/Che	eck Valve	Materials	;	Che	ck Valv	ve Seat
S	Shift Pump	1	Santoprer	ne/Santop	rene		1	Santo	prene
		2	PTFE-Sar	ntoprene/I	PTFE		4	Hytre	I
Pun	np Size	3	Neoprene	/Santopre	ene		Α	Alum	inum
30	3"	4	Hytrel/Sar	ntoprene			В	Nitrile	)
		6	Hytrel/Ned	oprene			E	EPDI	M
Des	ign Level	В	Nitrile/Nitr	ile			N	Neop	rene
01	Design Level	С	Viton/PTF	E			S	Stain	less Steel
		Ε	EPDM/EP	DM			T	PTFE	
Wet	ted Material	G	PTFE-Ned	oprene/P1	ΓFE		٧	FKM	
Α	Aluminum	Н	Hytrel/Hyt	rel			W	UHM	W Polyethylene
I	Cast Iron	I	EPDM/Sa	ntoprene					
S	Stainless Steel	M	Santoprer	ne/PTFE			Port	ing Op	tions
		N	Neoprene	/Neopren	е		N	NPT	Threads
Non	-Wetted Material Options						В	BSP	Threads
Α	Aluminum						R	Threa	aded Flange
							W	Weld	ed Flange
							Muff	ler Op	tions
							0	Stand	dard Muffler
							6	Meta	Muffler
							X	No M	uffler

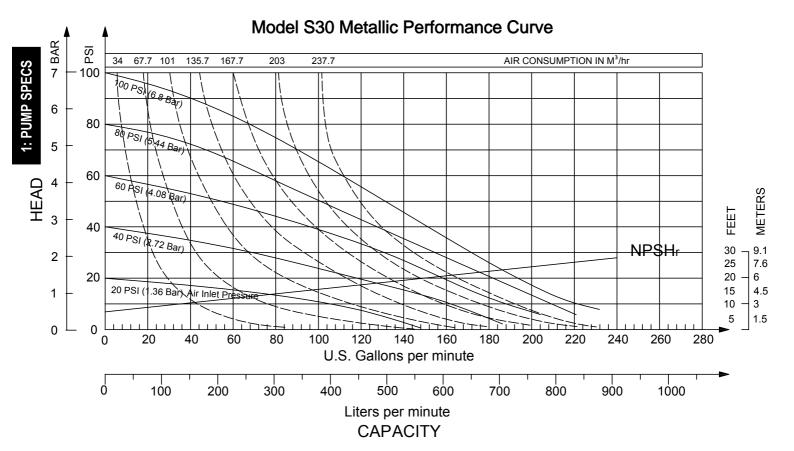
Record the model number and serial number below for future reference. This is important information when ordering replacement parts or when technical assistance is required.

Your Pump Model #:	
Your Serial #:	



### **Performance**

S30 METALLIC



#### SUCTION/DISCHARGE PORT SIZE

- 3" NPT (internal)
- 3" BSPT (internal)
- 3" Flange

#### **CAPACITY**

 0 to 236 gallons per minute (0 to 893 liters per minute)

#### **AIR DISTRIBUTION VALVE**

No-lube, no-stall design

#### **SOLIDS-HANDLING**

• Up to 0.38 in. (9.65mm)

#### **HEADS UP TO**

 125 psi or 289 ft. of water (8.6 bar or 86 meters)

#### **DISPLACEMENT/STROKE**

• 0.94 Gallon / 3.56 liter

#### **MAX OPERATING PRESSURE**

• 125 psi (8.6 bar)

#### SHIPPING WEIGHT

- Aluminum 121.3 lbs. (55kg)
- Cast Iron 224.9 lbs. (102kg)
- · Stainless Steel 216.1 lbs. (98kg)



### **Materials**

Material Profile:				
A CAUTION! Operating temperature limitations are as follows:	Max.	Min.		
<b>Conductive Acetal:</b> Tough, impact resistant, ductile. Good abrasion resistance and low friction surface. Generally inert, with good chemical resistance except for strong acids and oxidizing agents.	190°F 88°C	-20°F -29°C		
<b>EPDM:</b> Shows very good water and chemical resistance. Has poor resistance to oils and solvents, but is fair in ketones and alcohols.	280°F 138°C	-40°F -40°C		
<b>FKM:</b> (Fluorocarbon) Shows good resistance to a wide range of oils and solvents; especially all aliphatic, aromatic and halogenated hydrocarbons, acids, animal and vegetable oils. Hot water or hot aqueous solutions (over 70°F(21°C)) will attack FKM.	350°F 177°C	-40°F -40°C		
Hytrel: Good on acids, bases, amines and glycols at room temperatures only.	220°F 104°C	-20°F -29°C		
<b>Neoprene:</b> All purpose. Resistance to vegetable oils. Generally not affected by moderate chemicals, fats, greases and many oils and solvents. Generally attacked by strong oxidizing acids, ketones, esters and nitro hydrocarbons and chlorinated aromatic hydrocarbons.	200°F 93°C	-10°F -23°C		
<b>Nitrile:</b> General purpose, oil-resistant. Shows good solvent, oil, water and hydraulic fluid resistance. Should not be used with highly polar solvents like acetone and MEK, ozone, chlorinated hydrocarbons and nitro hydrocarbons.	190°F 88°C	-10°F -23°C		
<b>Nylon:</b> 6/6 High strength and toughness over a wide temperature range. Moderate to good resistance to fuels, oils and chemicals.	180°F 82°C	32°F 0°C		
<b>Polypropylene:</b> A thermoplastic polymer. Moderate tensile and flex strength. Resists stong acids and alkali. Attacked by chlorine, fuming nitric acid and other strong oxidizing agents.	180°F 82°C	32°F 0°C		
<b>PVDF:</b> (Polyvinylidene Fluoride) A durable fluoroplastic with excellent chemical resistance. Excellent for UV applications. High tensile strength and impact resistance.	250°F 121°C	0°F -18°C		
<b>Santoprene:</b> Injection molded thermoplastic elastomer with no fabric layer. Long mechanical flex life. Excellent abrasion resistance.	275°F 135°C	-40°F -40°C		
<b>UHMW PE:</b> A thermoplastic that is highly resistant to a broad range of chemicals. Exhibits outstanding abrasion and impact resistance, along with environmental stress-cracking resistance.	180°F 82°C	-35°F -37°C		
<b>Urethane:</b> Shows good resistance to abrasives. Has poor resistance to most solvents and oils.	150°F 66°C	32°F 0°C		
<b>Virgin PTFE:</b> (PFA/TFE) Chemically inert, virtually impervious. Very few chemicals are known to chemically react with PTFE; molten alkali metals, turbulent liquid or gaseous fluorine and a few fluoro-chemicals such as chlorine trifluoride or oxygen difluoride which readily liberate free fluorine at elevated temperatures.	220°F 104°C	-35°F -37°C		

Maximum and Minimum Temperatures are the limits for which these materials can be operated. Temperatures coupled with pressure affect the longevity of diaphragm pump components. Maximum life should not be expected at the extreme limits of the temperature ranges.

#### Metals:

**Alloy C:** Equal to ASTM494 CW-12M-1 specification for nickel and nickel alloy.

**Stainless Steel:** Equal to or exceeding ASTM specification A743 CF-8M for corrosion resistant iron chromium, iron chromium nickel and nickel based alloy castings for general applications. Commonly referred to as 316 Stainless Steel in the pump industry.

For specific applications, always consult the Chemical Resistance Chart.

Ambient temperature range: -20°C to +40°C

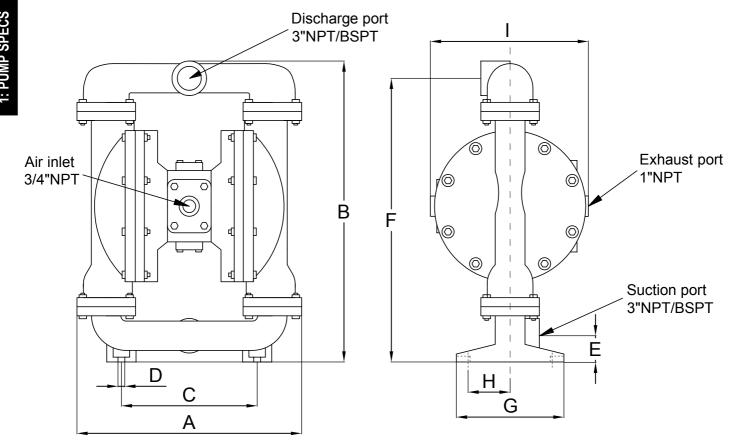
**Process temperature range:** -20°C to +80°C for models rated as category 1 equipment

-20°C to +100°C for models rated as category 2 equipment

In addition, the ambient temperature range and the process temperature range do not exceed the operating temperature range of the applied non-metallic parts as listed in the manuals of the pumps.



## Dimensional Drawings for S30 Metallic Pumps



### Dimension Tolerance :±5mm or ±0.2"

Durana	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	H	I mm/	inches	VA/a i ada4
Pump Model	mm inches	mm inches	mm inches	mm inches	mm inches	mm inches	mm inches	mm inches	standard muffler	metal muffler	Weight (kg)
S30M	499 19.65"	815 32.09"	305 12.01" (AL,CI) 297 11.69" (SS)	17 0.67"	60 2.36"	761 29.96"	298 11.73"	129 5.08"	400 15.75"	425 16.73"	AL:55 CI:102 SS:98



# **Troubleshooting Guide**

Symptom:	Potential Cause(s):	Recommendation(s):				
Pump Cycles Once	Deadhead (system pressure meets or exceeds air supply pressure).	Increase the inlet air pressure to the pump. Pump is designed for 1:1 pressure ratio at zero flow. (Does not apply to high pressure 2:1 units).				
	Air valve or intermediate gaskets installed incorrectly.	Install gaskets with holes properly aligned.				
	Bent or missing actuator plunger.	Remove pilot valve and inspect actuator plungers.				
<b>Pump Will Not Operate</b>	Pump is over lubricated.	Set lubricator on lowest possible setting or remove. Units are designed for lube free operation.				
/ Cycle	Lack of air (line size, PSI, CFM).	Check the air line size and length, compressor capacity (HP vs. CFM required).				
	Check air distribution system.	Disassemble and inspect main air distribution valve, pilot valve and pilot valve actuators.				
	Discharge line is blocked or clogged manifolds.	Check for inadvertently closed discharge line valves. Clean discharge manifolds/piping.				
	Deadhead (system pressure meets or exceeds air supply pressure).	Increase the inlet air pressure to the pump. Pump is designed for 1:1 pressure ratio at zero flow. (Does not apply to high pressure 2:1 units).				
	Blocked air exhaust muffler.	Remove muffler screen, clean or de-ice, and re-install.				
	Pumped fluid in air exhaust muffler.	Disassemble pump chambers. Inspect for diaphragm rupture or loose diaphragm plate assembly.				
	Pump chamber is blocked.	Disassemble and inspect wetted chambers. Remove or flush any obstructions.				
Pump Cycles and Will	Cavitation on suction side.	Check suction condition (move pump closer to product).				
Not Prime or No Flow	Check valve obstructed. Valve ball(s) not seating properly or sticking.	Disassemble the wet end of the pump and manually dislodge obstruction in the check valve pocket. Clean out around valve ball cage and valve seat area. Replace valve ball or valve seat if damaged. Use heavier valve ball material.				
	Valve ball(s) missing (pushed into chamber or manifold).	Worn valve ball or valve seat. Worn fingers in valve ball cage (replace part). Check Chemical Resistance Guide for compatibility.				
	Valve ball(s) / seat(s) damaged or attacked by product.	Check Chemical Resistance Guide for compatibility.				
	Check valve and/or seat is worn or needs adjusting.	Inspect check valves and seats for wear and proper setting. Replace if necessary.				
	Suction line is blocked.	Remove or flush obstruction. Check and clear all suction screens or strainers.				
	Excessive suction lift.	For lifts exceeding 20' of liquid, filling the chambers with liquid will prime the pump in most cases.				
	Suction side air leakage or air in product.	Visually inspect all suction-side gaskets and pipe connections.				
	Pumped fluid in air exhaust muffler.	Disassemble pump chambers. Inspect for diaphragm rupture or loose diaphragm plate assembly.				
Pump Cycles Running	Over lubrication.	Set lubricator on lowest possible setting or remove. Units are designed for lube free operation.				
Sluggish / Stalling,	Icing.	Remove muffler screen, de-ice, and re-install. Install a point of use air drier.				
Flow Unsatisfactory	Clogged manifolds.	Clean manifolds to allow proper air flow.				
,	Deadhead (system pressure meets or exceeds air supply pressure).	Increase the inlet air pressure to the pump. Pump is designed for 1:1 pressure ratio at zero flow. (Does not apply to high pressure 2:1 units).				
	Cavitation on suction side.	Check suction (move pump closer to product).				
	Lack of air (line size, PSI, CFM).	Check the air line size, length, compressor capacity.				
	Excessive suction lift.	For lifts exceeding 20' of liquid, filling the chambers with liquid will prime the pump in most cases.				
	Air supply pressure or volume exceeds system hd.	Decrease inlet air (press. and vol.) to the pump. Pump is cavitating the fluid by fast cycling.				
	Undersized suction line.	Meet or exceed pump connections.				
	Restrictive or undersized air line.	Install a larger air line and connection.				
	Suction side air leakage or air in product.	Visually inspect all suction-side gaskets and pipe connections.				
	Suction line is blocked.	Remove or flush obstruction. Check and clear all suction screens or strainers.				
	Pumped fluid in air exhaust muffler.	Disassemble pump chambers. Inspect for diaphragm rupture or loose diaphragm plate assembly.				
	Check valve obstructed.	Disassemble the wet end of the pump and manually dislodge obstruction in the check valve pocket.				
	Check valve and/or seat is worn or needs adjusting.	Inspect check valves and seats for wear and proper setting. Replace if necessary.				
	Entrained air or vapor lock in chamber(s).	Purge chambers through tapped chamber vent plugs. Purging the chambers of air can be dangerous.				
Product Leaking	Diaphragm failure, or diaphragm plates loose.	Replace diaphragms, check for damage and ensure diaphragm plates are tight.				
Through Exhaust	Diaphragm stretched around center hole or bolt holes.	Check for excessive inlet pressure or air pressure. Consult Chemical Resistance Chart for compatibility with products, cleaners, temperature limitations and lubrication.				
Premature Diaphragm	Cavitation.	Enlarge pipe diameter on suction side of pump.				
Failure	Excessive flooded suction pressure.	Move pump closer to product. Raise pump/place pump on top of tank to reduce inlet pressure. Install Back pressure device (Tech bulletin 41r). Add accumulation tank or pulsation dampener.				
	Misapplication (chemical/physical incompatibility).	Consult Chemical Resistance Chart for compatibility with products, cleaners, temperature limitations and lubrication.				
	Incorrect diaphragm plates or plates on backwards, installed incorrectly or worn.	Check Operating Manual to check for correct part and installation. Ensure outer plates have not been worn to a sharp edge.				
Unbalanced Cycling	Excessive suction lift.	For lifts exceeding 20' of liquid, filling the chambers with liquid will prime the pump in most cases.				
, ,	Undersized suction line.	Meet or exceed pump connections.				
	Pumped fluid in air exhaust muffler.	Disassemble pump chambers. Inspect for diaphragm rupture or loose diaphragm plate assembly.				
	Suction side air leakage or air in product.	Visually inspect all suction-side gaskets and pipe connections.				
	Check valve obstructed.	Disassemble the wet end of the pump and manually dislodge obstruction in the check valve pocket.				
	Check valve and/or seat is worn or needs adjusting.	Inspect check valves and seats for wear and proper setting. Replace if necessary.				
	Entrained air or vapor lock in chamber(s).	Purge chambers through tapped chamber vent plugs.				



### **Diaphragm Servicing**

**Step 1:** With manifolds and outer chambers removed, remove diaphragm assemblies from diaphragm rod. **DO NOT** use a pipe wrench or similar tool to remove assembly from rod. Flaws in the rod surface may damage bearings and seal. Soft jaws in a vise are recommended to prevent diaphragm rod damage.

**Step 1.A: NOTE:** Not all inner diaphragm plates are threaded. Some models utilize a through hole in the inner diaphragm plate. If required to separate diaphragm assembly, place assembly in a vise, gripping on the exterior cast diameter of the inner plate. Turn the outer plate clockwise to separate the assembly.

Always inspect diaphragms for wear cracks or chemical attack. Inspect inner and outer plates for deformities, rust scale and wear. Inspect intermediate bearings for elongation and wear. Inspect diaphragm rod for wear or marks.

Clean or repair if appropriate. Replace as required.

**Step 2:** Reassembly: There are two different types of diaphragm plate assemblies utilized throughout the Shift Pump product line: Outer plate with a threaded stud, diaphragm, and a threaded inner plate.

Outer plate with a threaded stud, diaphragm, and an inner plate with through hole. Secure threaded inner plate in a vise. Ensure that the plates are being installed with the outer radius against the diaphragm.

**Step 3:** Lightly lubricate, with a compatible material, the inner faces of both outer and inner diaphragm plates when using on non Overlay diaphragms (For EPDM water is recommended). No lubrication is required.

**Step 4:** Push the threaded outer diaphragm plate through the center hole of the diaphragm. **Note:** Most diaphragms are installed with the natural bulge out towards the fluid side. 05, 07, and 10 non–metallic units are installed with the natural bulge in towards the air side.

**Step 5:** Thread or place, outer plate stud into the inner plate. For threaded inner plates, use a torque wrench to tighten the assembly together. Torque values are called out on the exploded view.

Report procedure for second side assembly. Allow a minimum of 15 minutes to place after torquing, the

Repeat procedure for second side assembly. Allow a minimum of 15 minutes to elapse after torquing, then re-torque the assembly to compensate for stress relaxation in the clamped assembly.

Step 6: Thread one assembly onto the diaphragm rod with sealing washer (when used) and bumper.

**Step 7:** Install diaphragm rod assembly into pump and secure by installing the outer chamber in place and tightening the capscrews.

**Step 8:** On opposite side of pump, thread the remaining assembly onto the diaphragm rod. Using a torque wrench, tighten the assembly to the diaphragm rod. Align diaphragm through bolt holes, always going forward past the recommended torque. Torque values are called out on the exploded view. **NEVER** reverse to align holes, if alignment cannot be achieved without damage to diaphragm, loosen complete assemblies, rotate diaphragm and reassemble as described above.

**Step 9:** Complete assembly of entire unit. One Piece Diaphragm Servicing (Bonded PTFE with integral plate) The One Piece diaphragm has a threaded stud installed in the integral plate at the factory. The inner diaphragm plate has a through hole instead of a threaded hole. Place the inner plate over the diaphragm stud and thread the first diaphragm / inner plate onto the diaphragm rod only until the inner plate contacts the rod. Do not tighten. A small amount of grease may be applied between the inner plate and the diaphragm to facilitate assembly. Insert the diaphragm / rod assembly into the pump and install the outer chamber. Turn the pump over and thread the second diaphragm / inner plate onto the diaphragm rod. Turn the diaphragm until the inner plate contacts the rod and hand tighten the assembly. Continue tightening until the bolt holes align with the inner chamber holes. **DO NOT LEAVE THE ASSEMBLY LOOSE** 

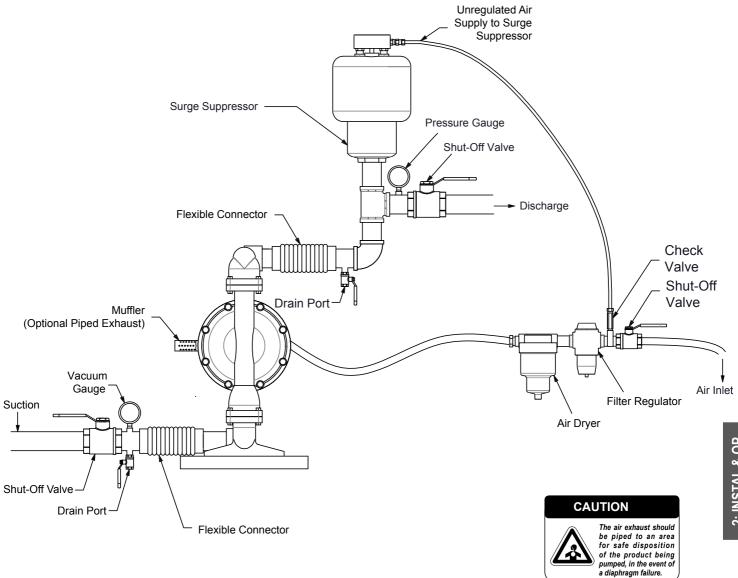
#### IMPORTANT



Read these instructions completely, before installation and start-up. It is the responsibility of the purchaser to retain this manual for reference. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual will damage the pump, and void factory.



### **Recommended Installation Guide**



#### Installation And Start-Up

Locate the pump as close to the product being pumped as possible. Keep the suction line length and number of fittings to a minimum. Do not reduce the suction line diameter.

#### Air Supply

Connect the pump air inlet to an air supply with sufficient capacity and pressure to achieve desired performance. A pressure regulating valve should be installed to insure air supply pressure does not exceed recommended limits.

#### Air Valve Lubrication

The air distribution system is designed to operate WITHOUT lubrication. This is the standard mode of operation. If lubrication is desired, install an air line lubricator set to deliver one drop of SAE 10 non-detergent oil for every 20 SCFM (9.4 liters/sec.) of air the pump consumes. Consult the Performance Curve to determine air consumption.

#### **Air Line Moisture**

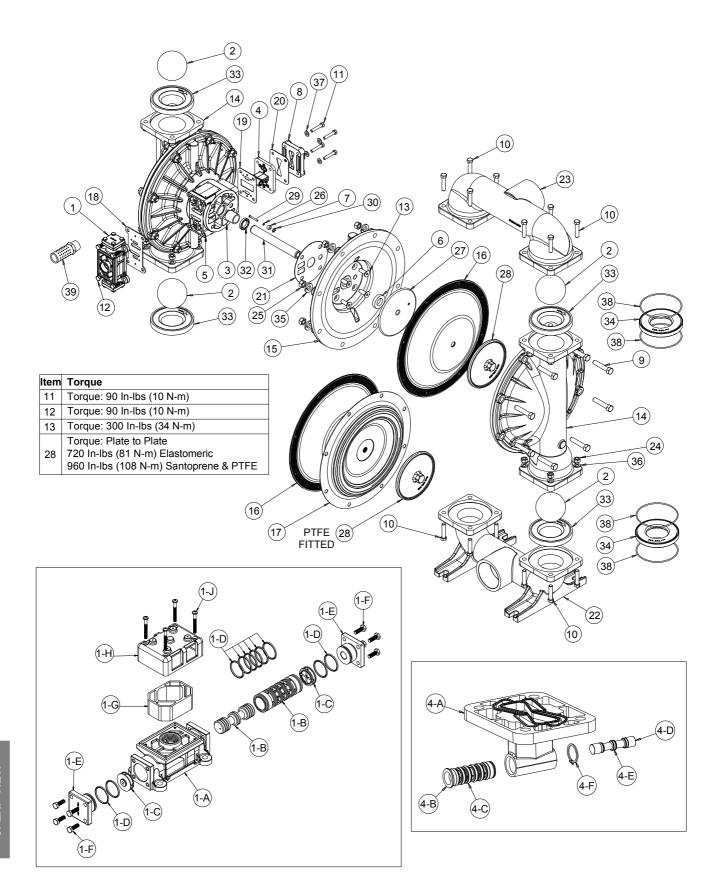
Water in the compressed air supply may cause icing or freezing of the exhaust air, causing the pump to cycle erratically or stop operating. Water in the air supply can be reduced by using a point-of-use air dryer.

#### Air Inlet And Priming

To start the pump, slightly open the air shut-off valve. After the pump primes, the air valve can be opened to increase air flow as desired. If opening the valve increases cycling rate, but does not increase the rate of flow, cavitation has occurred. The valve should be closed slightly to obtain the most efficient air flow to pump flow ratio.



### **EXPLODED VIEWS FOR S30 METALLIC PUMPS**





# **S30 Metallic Pump Parts List**

S/N	Item	Part Number	Description	Qty	Mtl
1	1	S031.173.000	Air Valve Assembly	1	Aluminum
2	1	S031.183.000	Air Valve Assembly (No Muffler)	1	Aluminum
3	1-A	S095.109.157	Body, Air Valve	1	Aluminum
4	1-B	S031.139.000	Sleeve and Spool Set	1	Aluminum
5	1-C	S132.029.357	Bumper	2	Polyurethane
6	1-D	S560.020.360	O-Ring	10	Nitrile
7	1-E	S165.127.157	Cap, End	2	Aluminum
8	1-F	S170.032.330	Capscrew, Hx-Hd 1/4-20 x 0.75	8	Zinc Plated Steel
9	1-F	S170.032.115	Capscrew, Hx-Hd 1/4-20 x 0.75	8	Stainless Steel
10	1-G	S530.028.550	Muffler	1	PE
11	1-H	S165.096.551	Muffler Cap	1	Glass Filled PP
12	1-J	S706.026.330	Machine Screw	4	Zinc Plated Steel
13	1-J	S706.026.115	Machine Screw	4	Stainless Steel
14	2	S050.014.354	Ball, Check	4	Santoprene
15	2	S050.014.356	Ball, Check	4	Hytrel
16	2	S050.014.360	Ball, Check	4	Nitrile
17	2	S050.014.364	Ball, Check	4	EPDM
18	2	S050.014.365	Ball, Check	4	Neoprene
19	2	S050.015.600	Ball, Check	4	PTFE
20	3	S070.006.170	Bushing	2	Bronze
21	4	S095.110.000	Pilot Valve Assembly	1	Aluminum
22	4	S095.110.558	Pilot Valve Assembly	1	Conductive HDPE
23	4-A	S095.095.157	Valve Body	1 1	Aluminum
24	4-A	S095.095.558	Valve Body	1	Conductive HDPE
25	4-B	S755.052.000	Sleeve (With O-Rings)	1	Aluminum
26	4-C	S560.033.360	O-Ring (Sleeve)	6	Nitrile
27	4-D	S775.055.000	Spool (With O-Rings)	1	Stainless Steel
28	4-E	S560.023.360	O-Ring (Spool)	3	Nitrile
29	4-F	S675.037.080	Retaining Ring	1	Carbon Steel
30	5	S114.024.157	Intermediate	1	Aluminum
31	6	S132.035.360	Bumper, Diaphragm	2	Nitrile
32	7	S135.034.506	Bushing, Plunger	2	POM
33	8	S165.113.157	Cap, Air Inlet Assembly	1	Aluminum
34	9	S170.055.330-Z	Capscrew, Hx-Hd 1/2-13 x 2.75	16	Zinc Plated Steel
35	9	S170.055.115-Z	Capscrew, Hx-Hd 1/2-13 x 2.75	16	Stainless Steel
36	10	S170.060.330-Z	Capscrew, Hx-Hd 7/16-14 x 2.25	16	Zinc Plated Steel
37	10	S170.060.330-Z	Capscrew, Hx-Hd 7/16-14 x 2.25	16	Stainless Steel
38	11	S170.069.330	Capscrew, Hx-Hd 7/10-14 x 2:23	4	Zinc Plated Steel
39	11	S170.069.115	Capscrew, Hx-Hd 5/16-18 x 1.75	4	Stainless Steel
40	12	S170.006.330	Capscrew, Hx-Hd 3/8-16 x 1.70	4	Zinc Plated Steel
41	12	S170.006.330	Capscrew, Hx-Hd 3/8-16 x 1.00	4	Stainless Steel
42	13	S171.059.330	Capscrew, Soc-Flat Hd 7/16-14*1.25	8	Zinc Plated Steel
43	13	S171.059.330	Capscrew, Soc-Flat Hd 7/16-14*1.25	8	Stainless Steel
44	14	S196.200.156	Chamber, Outer	2	Aluminum
45	14	S196.164.110	Chamber, Outer	2	Stainless Steel
46	14	S196.164.015	Chamber, Outer	2	Ductile Iron
47	15	S196.165.157	Chamber, Outer Chamber, Inner	2	Aluminum
48	16	S286.098.354	Diaphragm	2	Santoprene
49	16	S286.098.356	Diaphragm	2	Hytrel
50	16	S286.098.360	Diaphragm	2	Nitrile
51	16			2	FKM
52	16	S286.098.363 S286.098.364	Diaphragm Diaphragm	2	EPDM
JZ	IU	0200.030.304	Ινιαμιιιαζιτι		LI DIVI



S/N	Item	Part Number	Description	Qty	Mtl
53	16	S286.098.365	Diaphragm	2	Neoprene
54	17	S286.098.604	Diaphragm, Overlay	2	PTFE
55	18	S360.093.360	Gasket, Air Valve	1	Nitrile
56	19	S360.114.360	Gasket, Pilot Valve	1 1	Nitrile
57	20	S360.104.379	Gasket, Air Inlet	1	Conductive Nitrile
58	21	S360.105.360	Gasket, Inner Chamber	2	Nitrile
59	22	S518.143.156	Manifold, Suction, 3" NPT	1	Aluminum
60	22	S518.143.156E	Manifold, Suction, 3" BSPT	1 1	Aluminum
61	22	S518.143.010	Manifold, Suction, 3" NPT		Cast Iron
62	22	S518.143.010E	Manifold, Suction, 3" BSPT	1 1	Cast Iron
63	22	S518.143.110	Manifold, Suction, 3" NPT	1 1	Stainless Steel
64	22	S518.143.110E	Manifold, Suction, 3" BSPT	1 1	Stainless Steel
65	23	S518.144.156	Manifold, Discharge 3" NPT	1 1	Aluminum
66	23	S518.144.156E	Manifold, Discharge, 3" BSPT	1 1	Aluminum
67	23	S518.144.010	Manifold, Discharge 3" NPT	1 1	Cast Iron
68	23	S518.144.010E	Manifold, Discharge, 3" BSPT	1 1	Cast Iron
69	23	S518.144.110	Manifold, Discharge 3" NPT	1 1	Stainless Steel
70	23	S518.144.110E		1 1	Stainless Steel
71	23		Manifold, Discharge, 3" BSPT	16	Zinc Plated Steel
72		S545.007.330	Nut, Hex 7/16-14	16	Stainless Steel
	24	S545.007.115	Nut, Hex 7/16-14	16	Zinc Plated Steel
73	25	S545.008.330	Nut, Hex 1/2-13		Stainless Steel
74	25	S545.008.115	Nut, Hex 1/2-13	16	Nitrile
75	26	S560.001.360	O-Ring	2	
76	27	S612.192.157	Plate, Inner Diaphragm	2	Aluminum
77	27	S612.192.010	Plate, Inner Diaphragm	2	Cast Iron
78	27	S612.192.110	Plate, Inner Diaphragm	2	Stainless Steel
79	28	S612.194.157	Plate, Outer Diaphragm Assembly	2	Aluminum
80	28	S612.194.010	Plate, Outer Diaphragm Assembly	2	Cast Iron
81	28	S612.194.110	Plate, Outer Diaphragm Assembly	2	Stainless Steel
82	29	S620.020.115	Plunger, Actuator	2	Stainless Steel
83	30	S675.042.115	Ring, Retainer	2	Stainless Steel
84	31	S685.040.120	Rod, Diaphragm	1	Stainless Steel
85	32	S720.004.360	Seal, Diaphragm Rod	2	Nitrile
86	33	S722.090.354	Seat, Check Ball	4	Santoprene
87	33	S722.090.356	Seat, Check Ball	4	Hytrel
88	33	S722.090.360	Seat, Check Ball	4	Nitrile
89	33	S722.090.363	Seat, Check Ball	4	FKM
90	33	\$722.090.364	Seat, Check Ball	4	EPDM
91	33	S722.090.365	Seat, Check Ball	4	Neoprene PE
92	33	\$722.090.550	Seat, Check Ball	4	
93	33	S722.090.600	Seat, Check Ball	4	PTFE Ctainless Ctast
94	34	S722.090.110	Seat, Check Ball (Req 8 Qty Item 38)	4	Stainless Steel
95	34	S722.090.150	Seat, Check Ball (Req 8 Qty Item 38)	4	Aluminum
96	35	\$900.003.330	Washer, Lock 1/2	16	Zinc Plated Steel
97	35	S900.003.115	Washer, Lock 1/2	16	Stainless Steel
98	36	S900.006.330	Washer, Lock 7/16	16	Zinc Plated Steel
99	36	S900.006.115	Washer, Lock 7/16	16	Stainless Steel
100	37	S901.038.330	Washer, Flat 5/16	4	Zinc Plated Steel
101	37	S901.038.115	Washer, Flat 5/16	4	Stainless Steel
102	38	S560.105.360	Seal, O-Ring (See Item 34)	8	Nitrile
103	38	S720.055.600	Seal (See Item 34)	8	PTFE
104	38	S720.055.608	Seal (See Item 34)	8	Conductive PTFE
105	39	S530.033.000	Metal Muffler	1	Carbon Steel

